

①

$A = \text{Huberring}$

(A, A^+) = Huber pair

A will always be complete.

e.g. $A = \mathbb{Q}_p \langle T_1, \dots, T_n \rangle$

$X = \text{Spa}(A, A^+)$

goals: - promote set to topological space

- equip it with a (pre)sheaf of rings

- form a locally ringed space

- consider sheaves of modules
(e.g. vector bundles
 └ finite projective
 modules,

coherent sheaves



finitely generated
modules)

Also assume A is analytic ②

- topologically nilpotent elements of A form generate unit ideal
(e.g. if A is Tate)



every valuation in $\text{Spa}(A, A^\wedge)$
is nontrivial.



the Banach open mapping theorem:

If $f: M \rightarrow N$ continuous surjection of complete first-countable topological A -modules

then f is a topological quotient map.

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the topology defined by Huber on
 $\text{Spa}(A, A^+)$ is generated by certain
 "distinguished open" subsets

$$X\left(\frac{f_1 \cdots f_n}{g}\right) = \{x \in X : v(f_i) \leq v(g) \neq 0\} \quad \text{for } i=1, \dots, n$$

where $f_1 \cdots f_n, g$ generate

open ideal in A



For A analytic
 see $f_1 \cdots f_n, g$ generate unit ideal
 $\{x \in X : v(f_i) \leq v(g) \text{ for } i=1, \dots, n\}$

This space is $\text{Spa}(B, B^+)$

$$B = A\langle T_1, \dots, T_n \rangle / \overline{(gT_1 - f_1, \dots, gT_n - f_n)}$$

The map $(A, A^+) \rightarrow (B, B^+)$ is
initial among maps for which
 $\text{Spa}(B, B^+)$ maps into $X\left(\frac{f_1 \cdots f_n}{g}\right)$.
 $\rightarrow \text{Spa}(A, A^+)$
rational localizations

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Also need to check:

$$\text{Spa}(B, B^+) \xrightarrow{\sim} X\left(\frac{f_1 \cdots f_n}{g}\right)$$

homeomorphism. $\subseteq \text{Spa}(A, A^+)$

Structure presheaf:

$$\text{for } U = X\left(\frac{f_1 \cdots f_n}{g}\right)$$

take $\mathcal{O}(U) = \text{the ring } B \text{ from above}$

$$A\left<\frac{f_1}{g}, \dots, \frac{f_n}{g}\right>$$

< for general open U

$$\mathcal{O}(U) = \varprojlim_{\substack{\text{over all } (A, A^+) \rightarrow (B, B^+) \\ \text{with } \text{Spa}(B, B^+) \subseteq U}} B$$

Tate: If $A = K\langle t_1, \dots, t_n \rangle$

(Huber) for $K = \text{nonarchimedean field,}$
 $\text{or any quotient thereof,}$
 $\text{then } \mathcal{O} \text{ is a sheaf.}$

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Aaaah! The structure presheat
is not always a sheaf!

(Huber, Buzzard-Verberkmoes,
Mihara)

A general reason for this:

If θ is a sheaf then

$(gT_1 \circ f_1, \dots, gT_n \circ f_n) \subseteq A(T_1, \dots, T_n)$
is closed

whenever f_1, \dots, f_n, g generate unit ideal.

If θ is a sheaf, then may give
 $\text{Spn}(A, A^+)$ the structure of a
locally (v -)ringed space.

each stalk also carries a valuation.

Glue these to make adic spaces.

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Huber*: If A is strongly noetherian
 (i.e. $A\langle T_1, \dots, T_n \rangle$ is noetherian
 for all $n \geq 0$)

then A is sheafy $\Leftrightarrow A$ is a sheaf.

includes classical affinoids
 but not perfectoid rings

e.g. ~~\mathbb{Q}_p~~ $\mathbb{Q}_p\langle T^{\frac{1}{p^\infty}} \rangle$

$(T, T^{\frac{1}{p}}, T^{\frac{1}{p^2}}, \dots)$

Buzzard - Verberkmoes*:

If A is stably uniform

(i.e. for all rational localizations

$(A, AT) \rightarrow (B, B^+)$, B is uniform)

then A is sheafy. $\quad \downarrow$ reduced

includes reduced affinoid algebras.
 and perfectoid rings.

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e.g. if A is perfectoid

then $A\langle T_1, \dots, T_n \rangle$ is sheafy.



$$A\langle T_1^{\frac{1}{p}}, \dots, T_n^{\frac{1}{p}} \rangle$$

splits in the category of topological
 $A\langle T_1, \dots, T_n \rangle$

Thm $(K-L_{i,j}) \xleftarrow{\quad}$ Ruocharai Li, V

If A is sheafy, then

$H^i(U, \mathcal{O}) = 0$ for $U \subseteq X$
 a rational subspace
 and $i > 0$.



using Čech Cohomology

observed by Tate ...

only need to verify vanishing of Čech
 Cohomology in



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$\text{H}_0(x, y) \rightarrow$

$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{if } w \neq 0 \\ \text{if } w = 0 \end{array} \right. \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{A-modes} \\ \text{Q-modes} \end{array} \right. \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{the phase} \\ \text{of the wave} \end{array} \right.$

Vects used in X

Thm (H-L)

$0 < i \leq n, M = 0$

$$W(u) = M \otimes \beta$$

$$u = \langle p, q, r \rangle$$

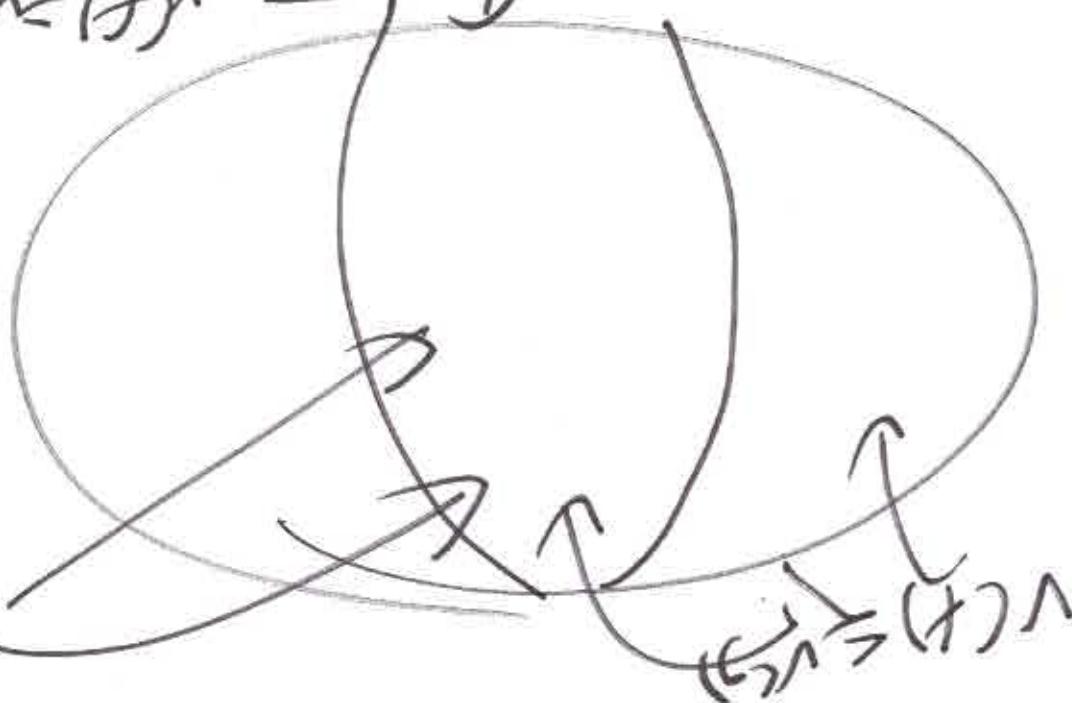
Let M be associated shift

For M , take projective A-mode

Assume A is Shewat

$f, g \in \mathbb{R}$ generate unit ideal

$$f - v(f) \sim g - v(g).$$



u
 $v(f) \geq v(g)$

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If A strongly noetherian, can
likewise equate finitely generated
 A -modules with coherent sheaves
(Huber*)

Note: A noetherian

\Leftrightarrow every I ideal I of A
is closed.

K-Liu: can do something similar
for finitely generated A -modules
which are - complete for natural
topology.
- pseudocoherent

(= admit projective resolution
by finite proj modules)

$x \in X$

$$\mathcal{O}_x = \lim_{\rightarrow} \mathcal{O}(u)$$

U runs over rational subspaces
containing X.